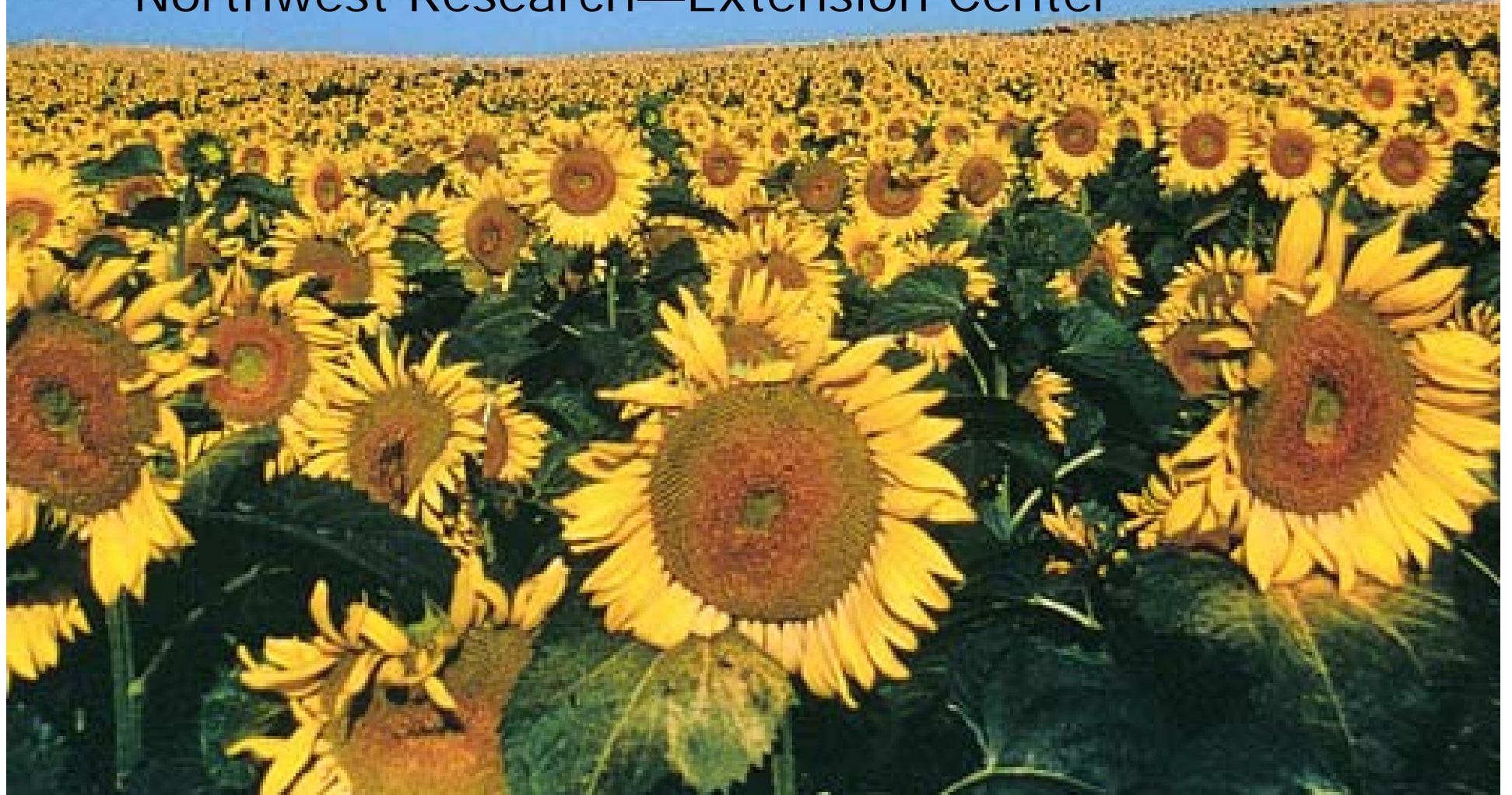


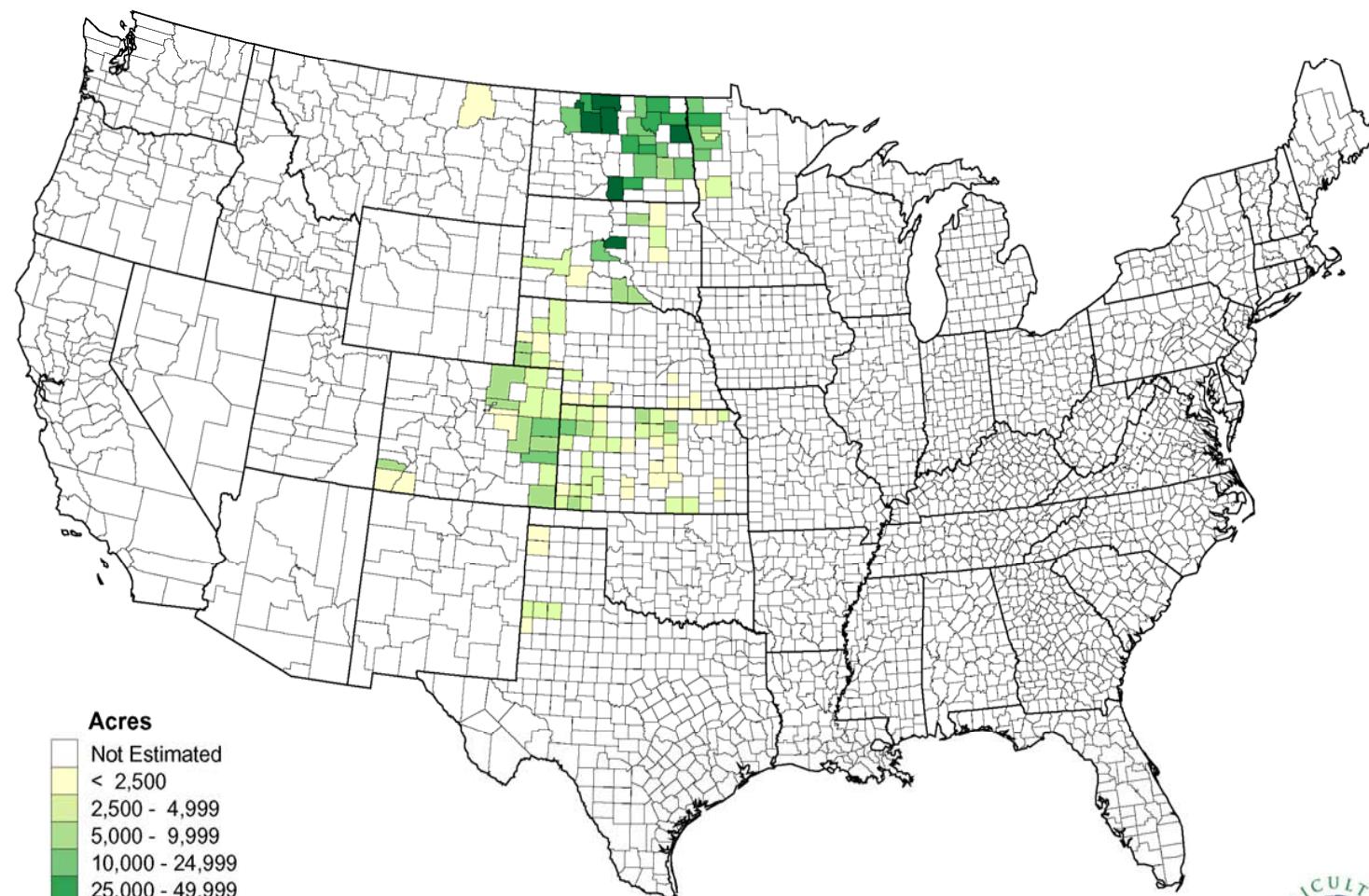
# **Sunflower canopy and yield formation with deficit irrigation in U.S. central High Plains**

Rob Aiken and Freddie Lamm,

Northwest Research—Extension Center



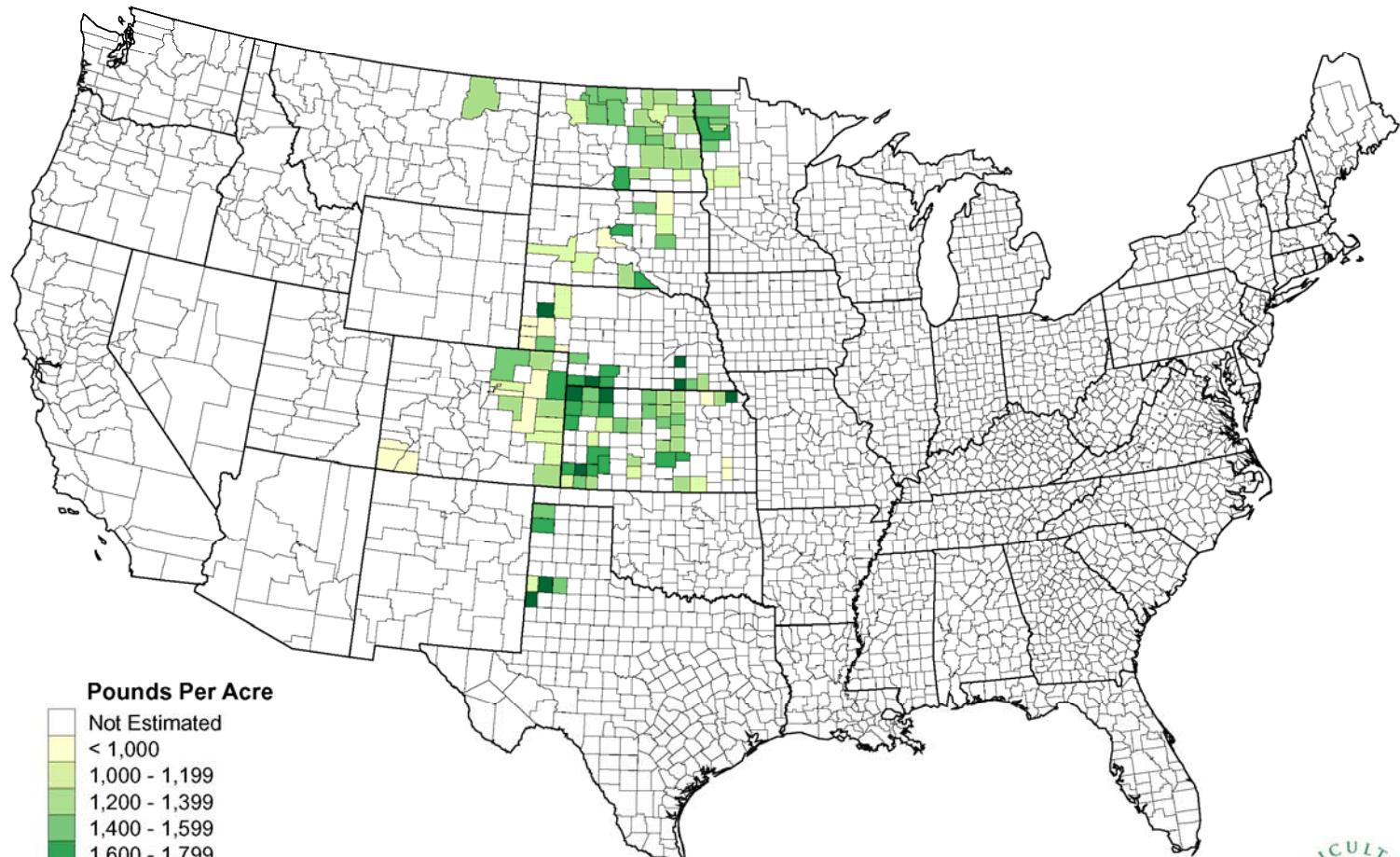
**Sunflower 2007  
Planted Acres by County  
for Selected States**



U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service



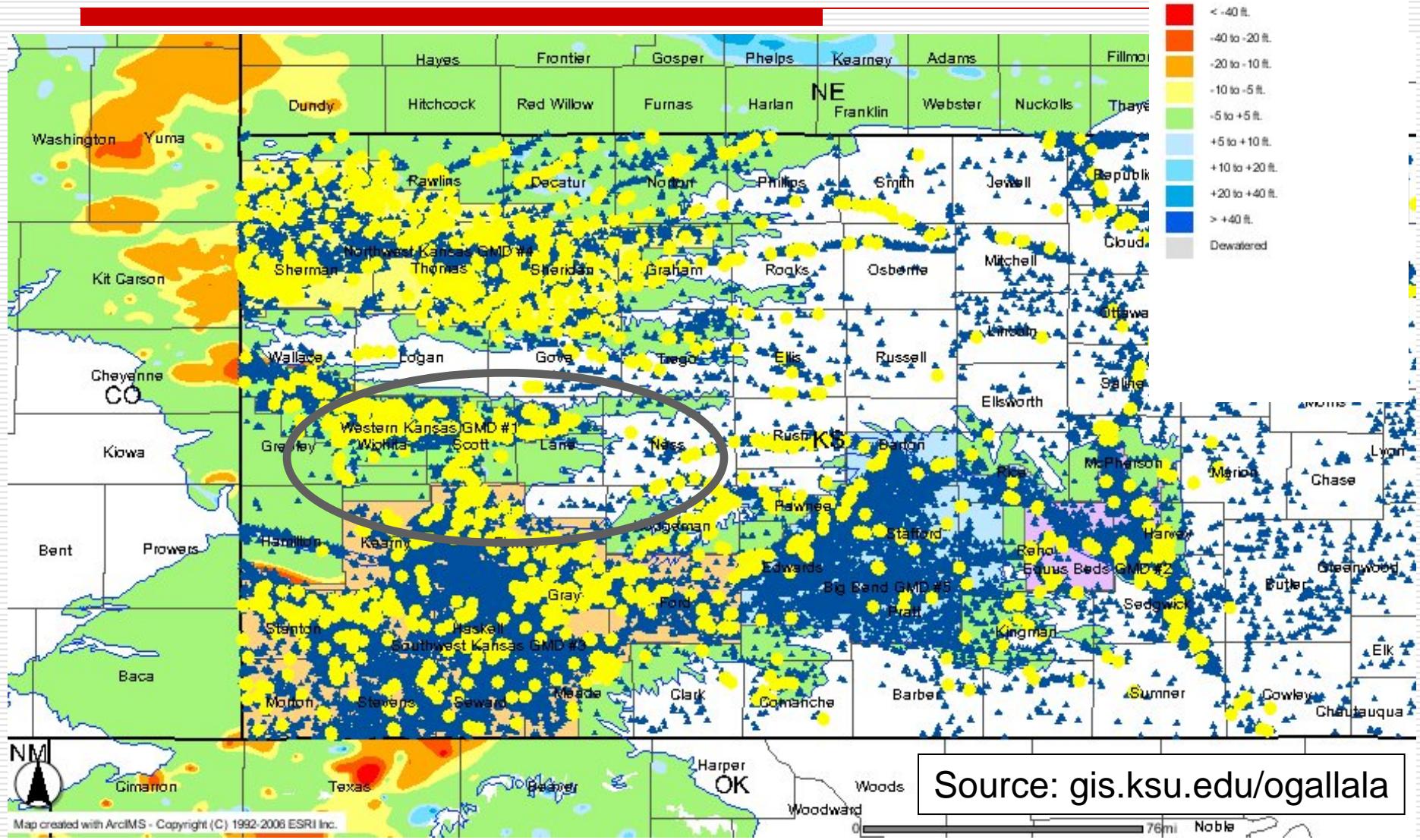
**Sunflower 2007  
Yield Per Harvested Acre by County  
for Selected States**



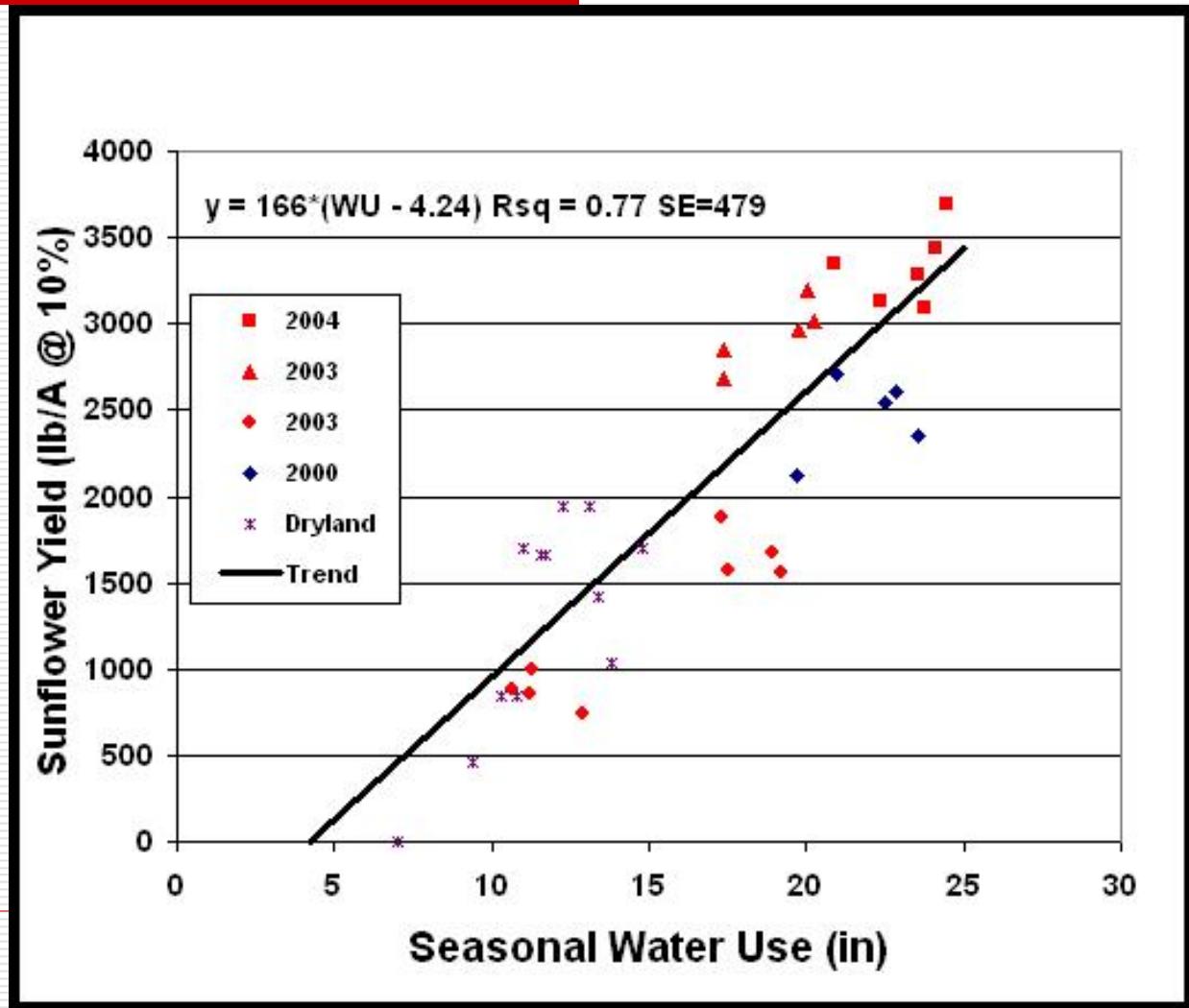
U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service



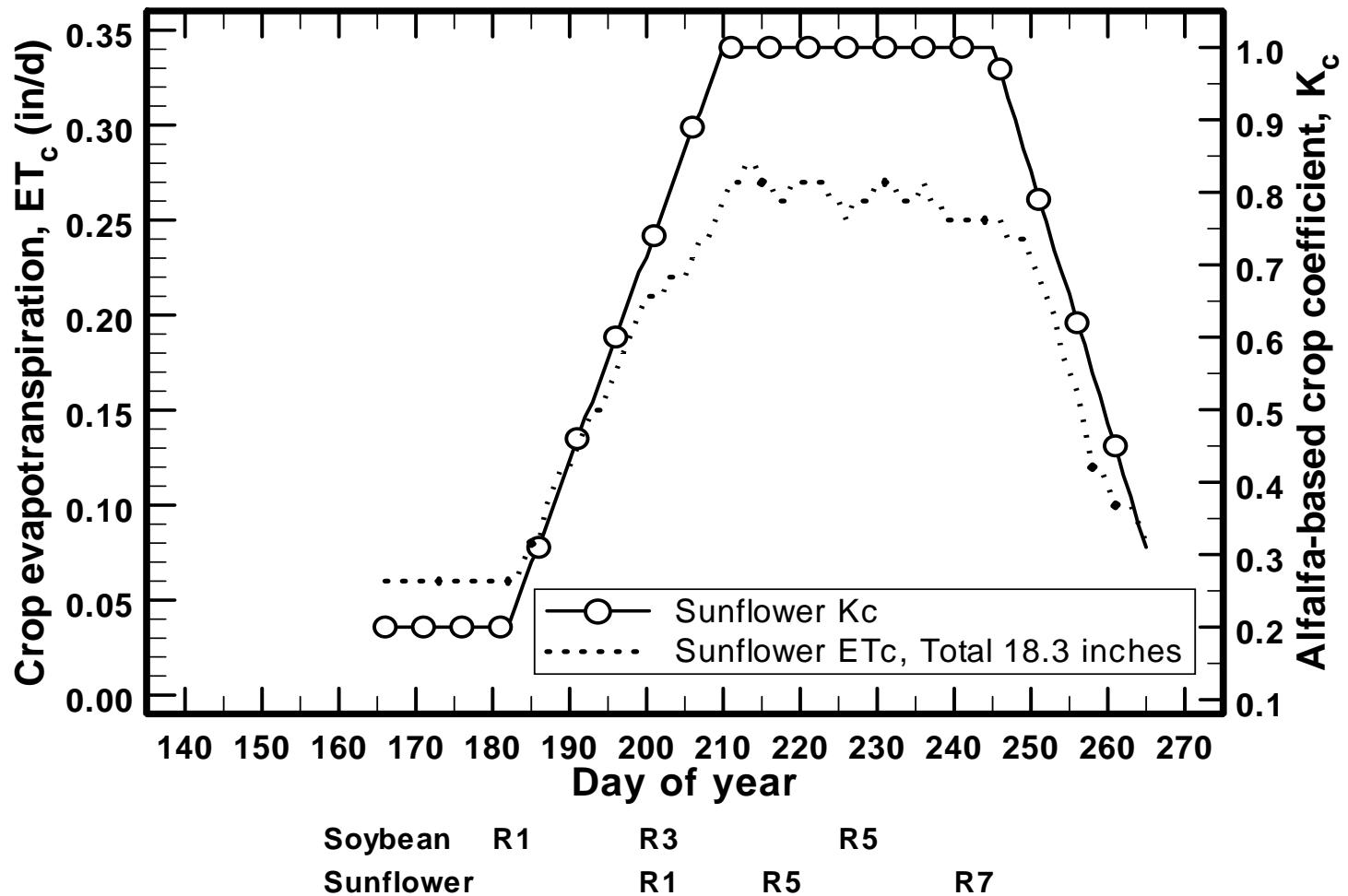
# Limited-Capacity Wells (300 – 450 gpm)



# Sunflower yield response to water



# Sunflower water use

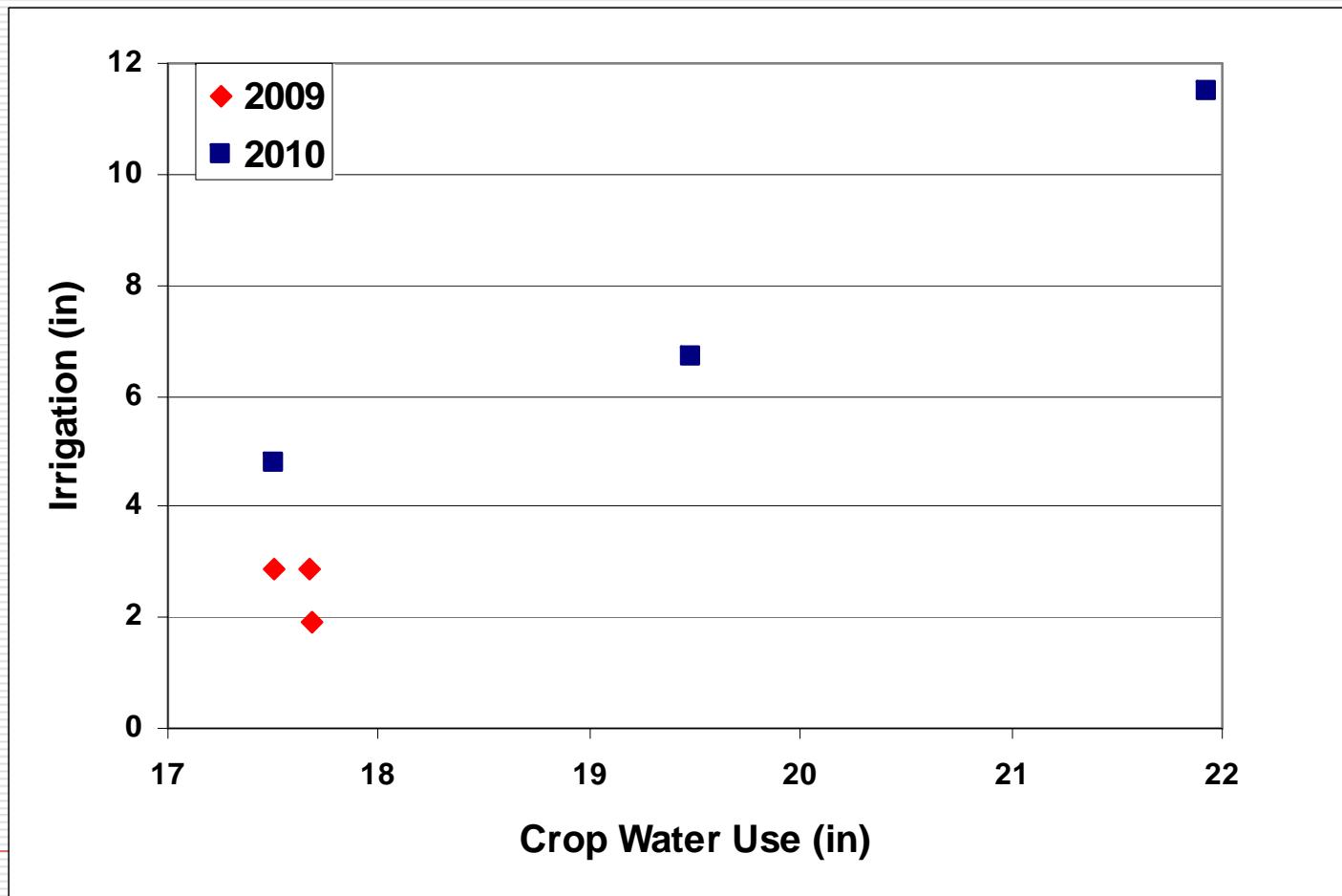


# Deficit Irrigation Study

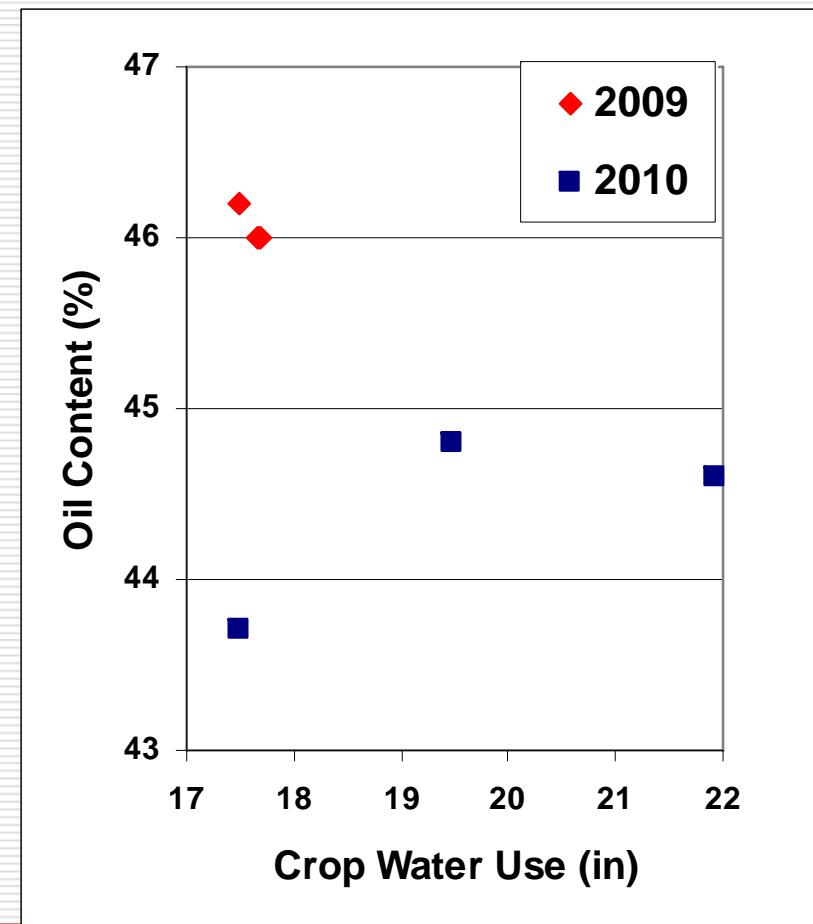
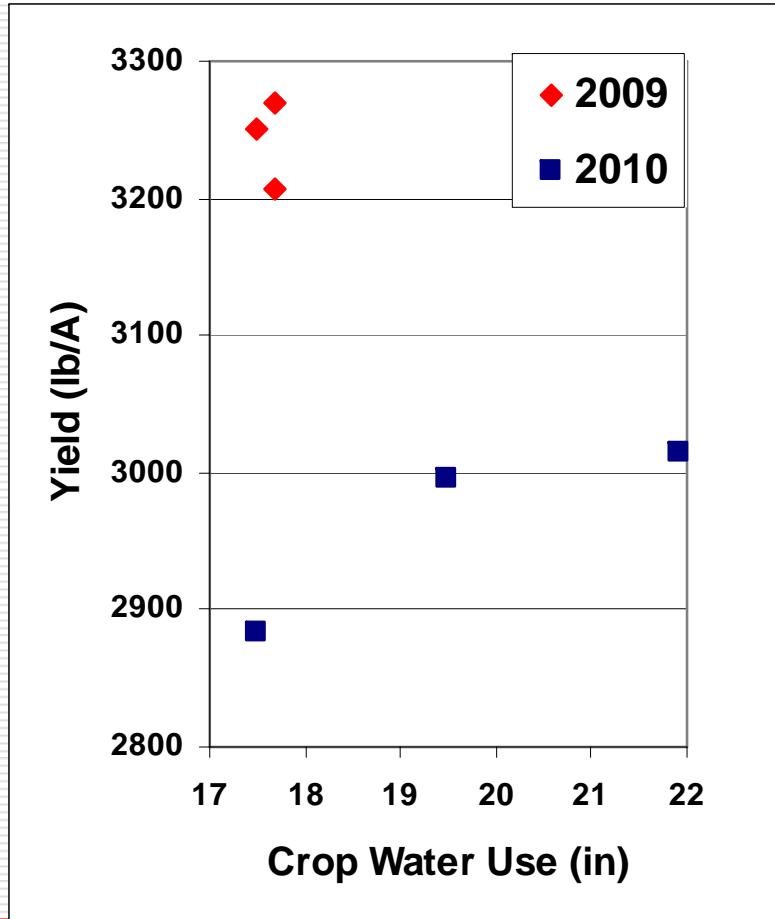
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- Pre-season
    - 0", 5"
  - Start
    - 6/1, 6/15
  - Irrigation Capacity
    - 1"/4 days
    - 1"/8 days
    - 1"/12 days
  - Population
    - 18K, 23K, 28K
  - Irrigation schedule to replace crop ET
  - Triumph S671
  - June 18 planting
  - Fertility to supplement 3000 lb/A yield goal
  - Excellent pre-emergent weed control
-

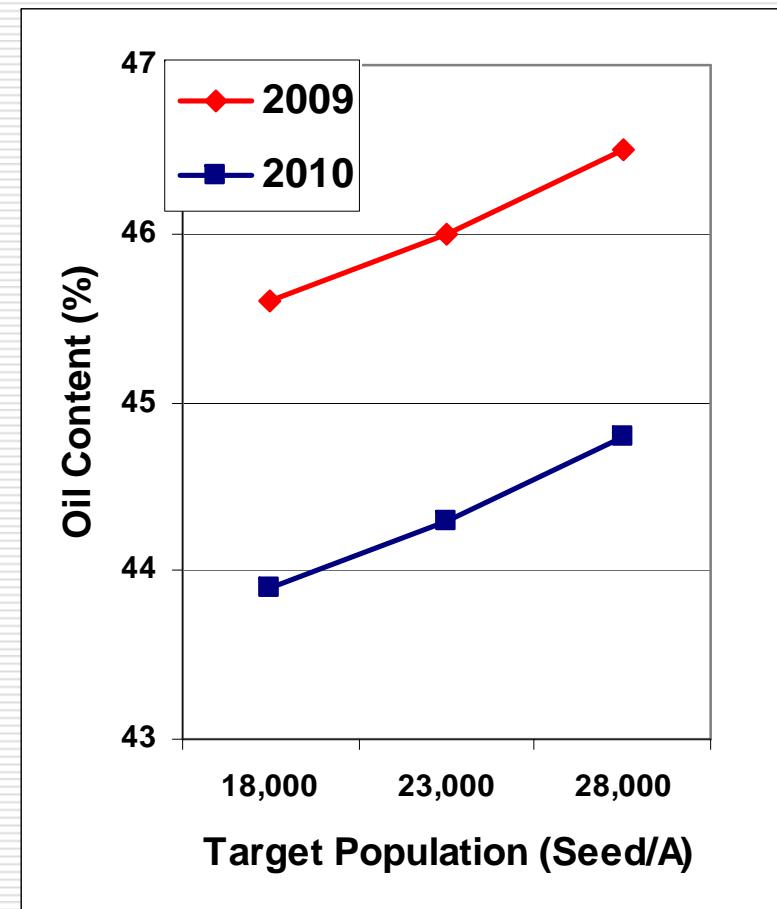
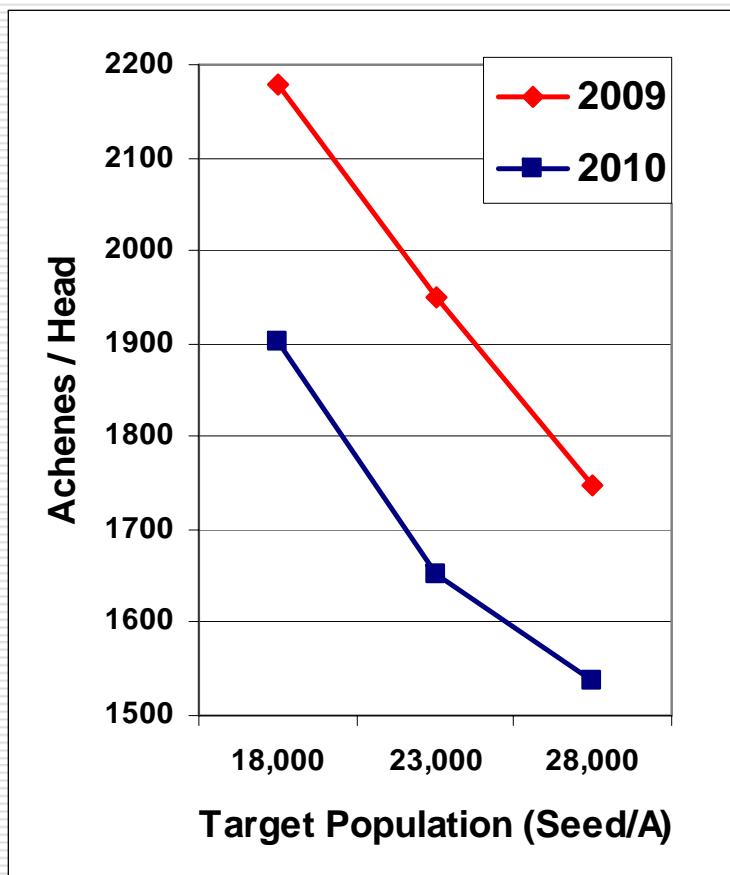
# Irrigation Capacity and Water Use



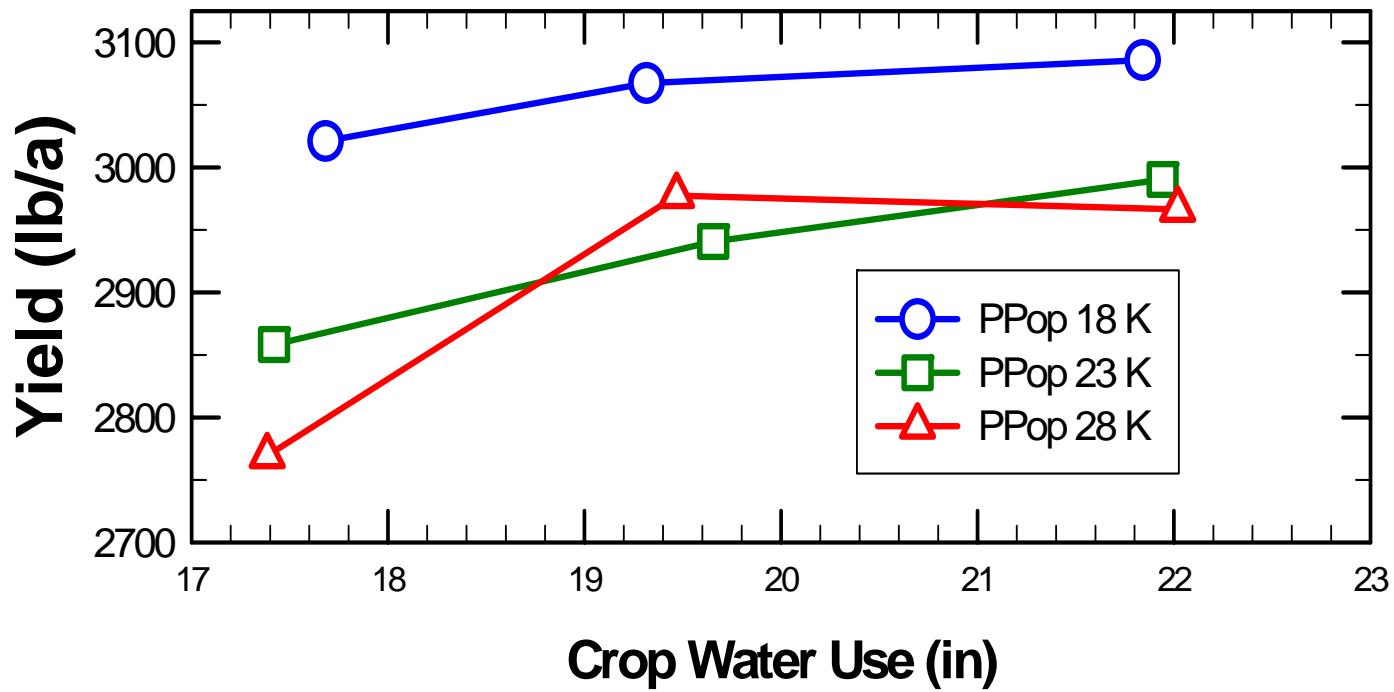
# Irrigation Capacity and Oilseed Yield



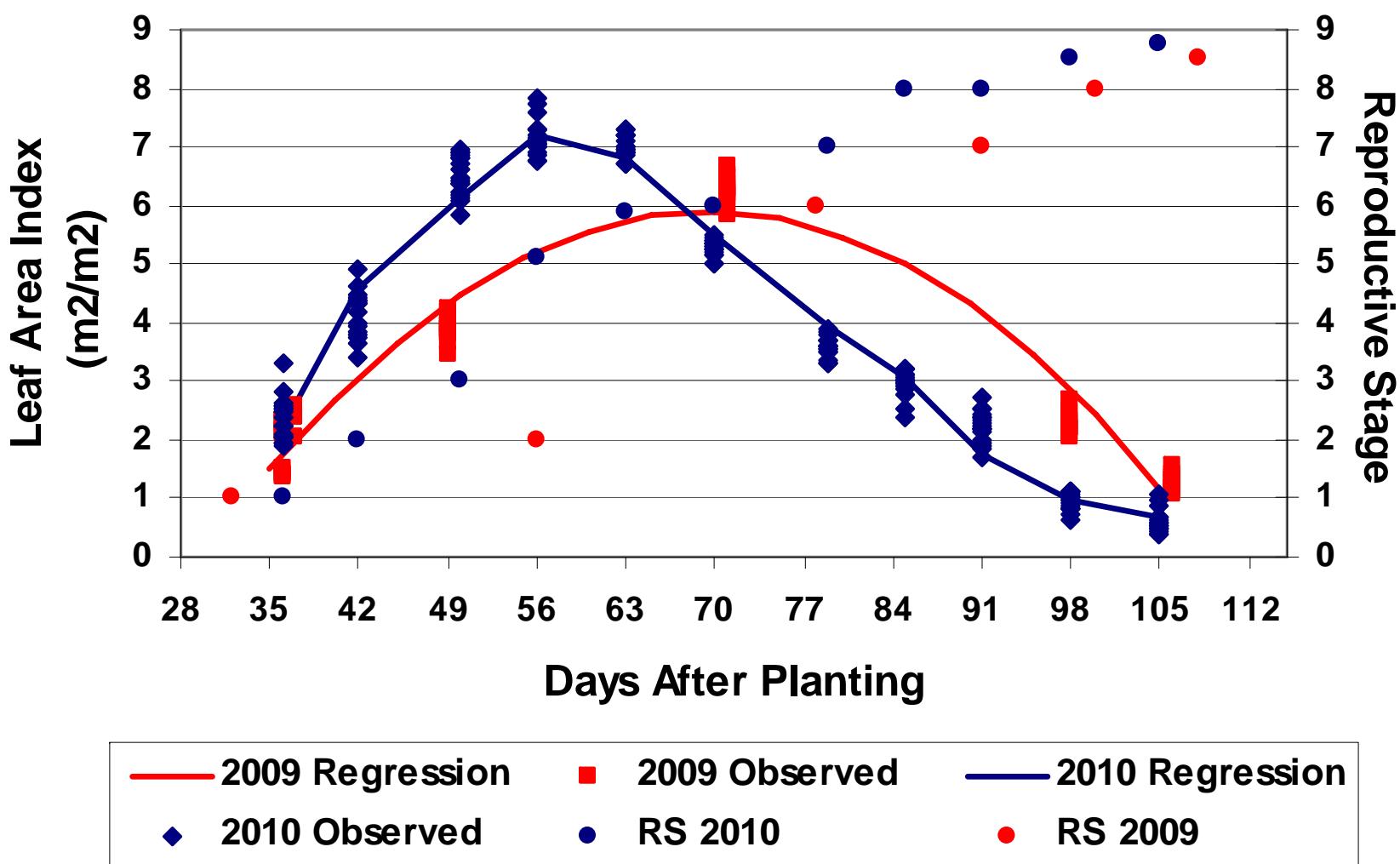
# Population and Yield Components



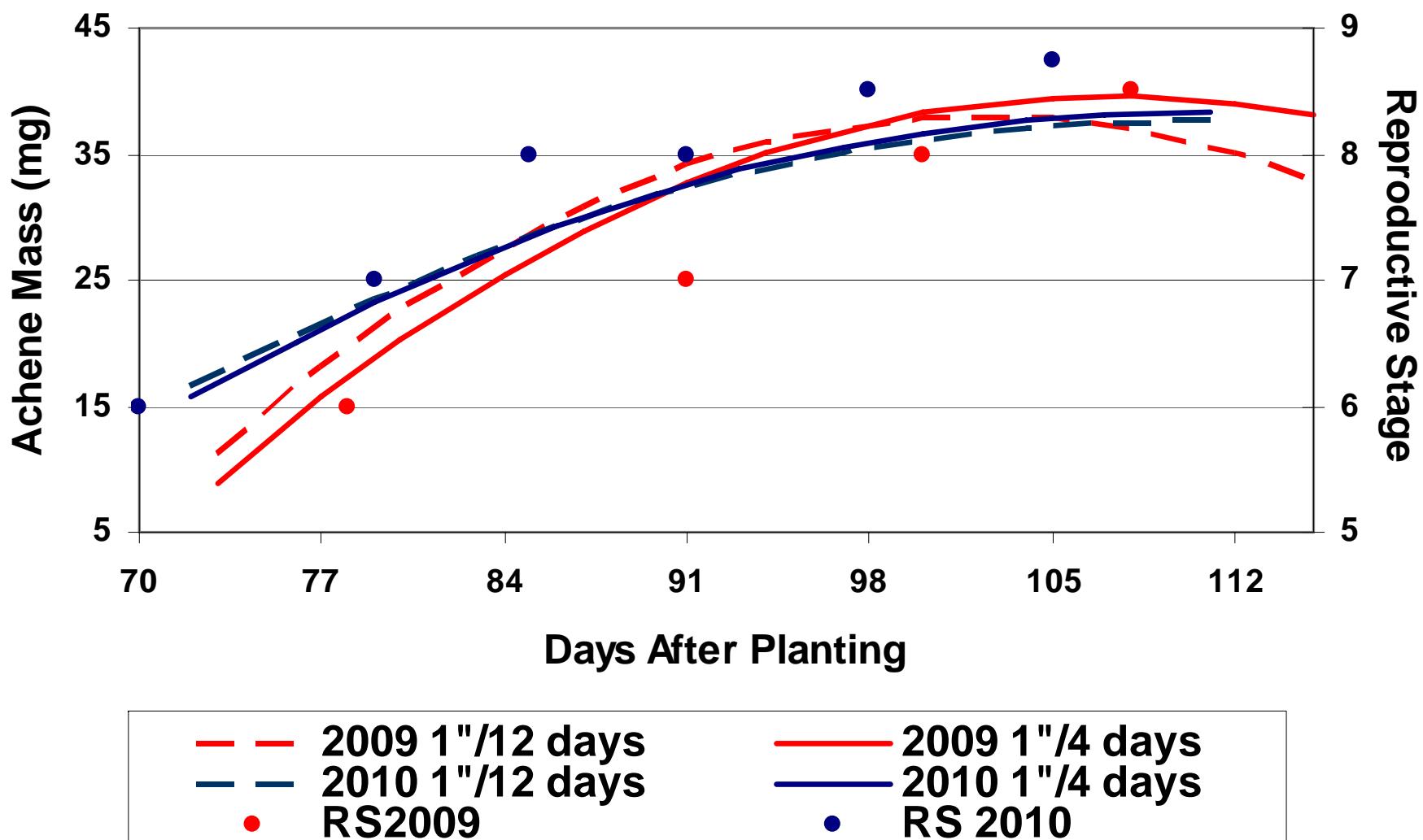
# Population and Water Productivity



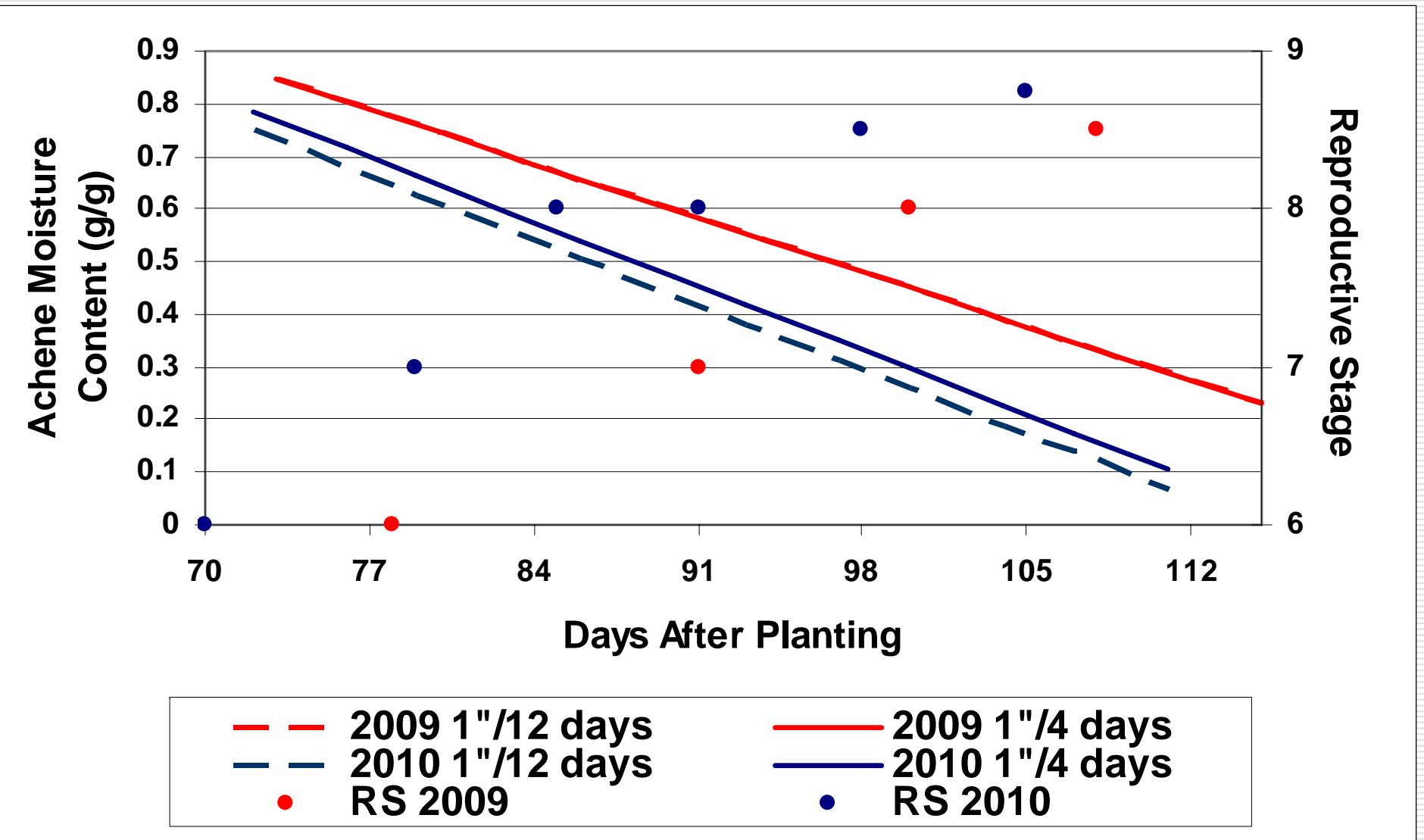
# Sunflower Canopy Formation



# Achene Fill Rate



# Achene Moisture Content



# Summary

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- Good productivity (2900 – 3200 lb/A) with moderate water use (17.5" – 20")
  - Oil % increased with available water, cooler growing conditions, increased planting rate
  - Canopy near-maximum during flowering, incomplete during late seed fill (R8)
  - Seed fill rate of 0.9 – 1.2 mg/day during R6 – R8 reproductive stages, with linear decline in seed moisture
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# Acknowledgement

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AgriLife Extension Service, Texas Tech University, and West  
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